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projected to  
on 948 attached  
to Paper 14

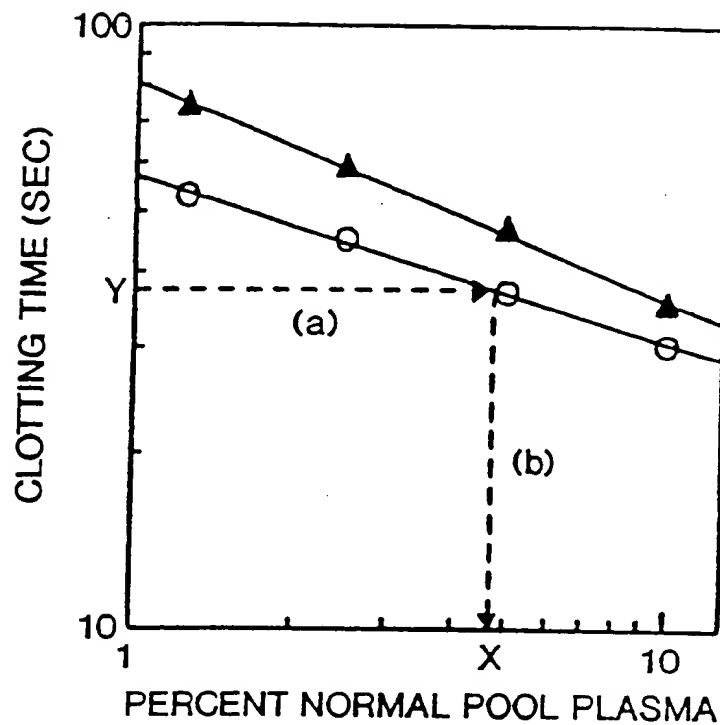


FIG. 1A

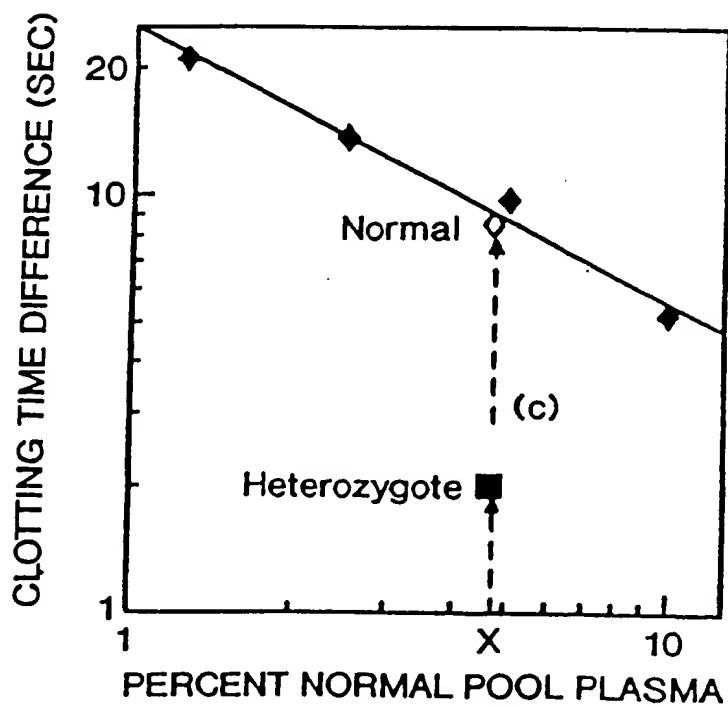


FIG. 1B

003306-6/00000

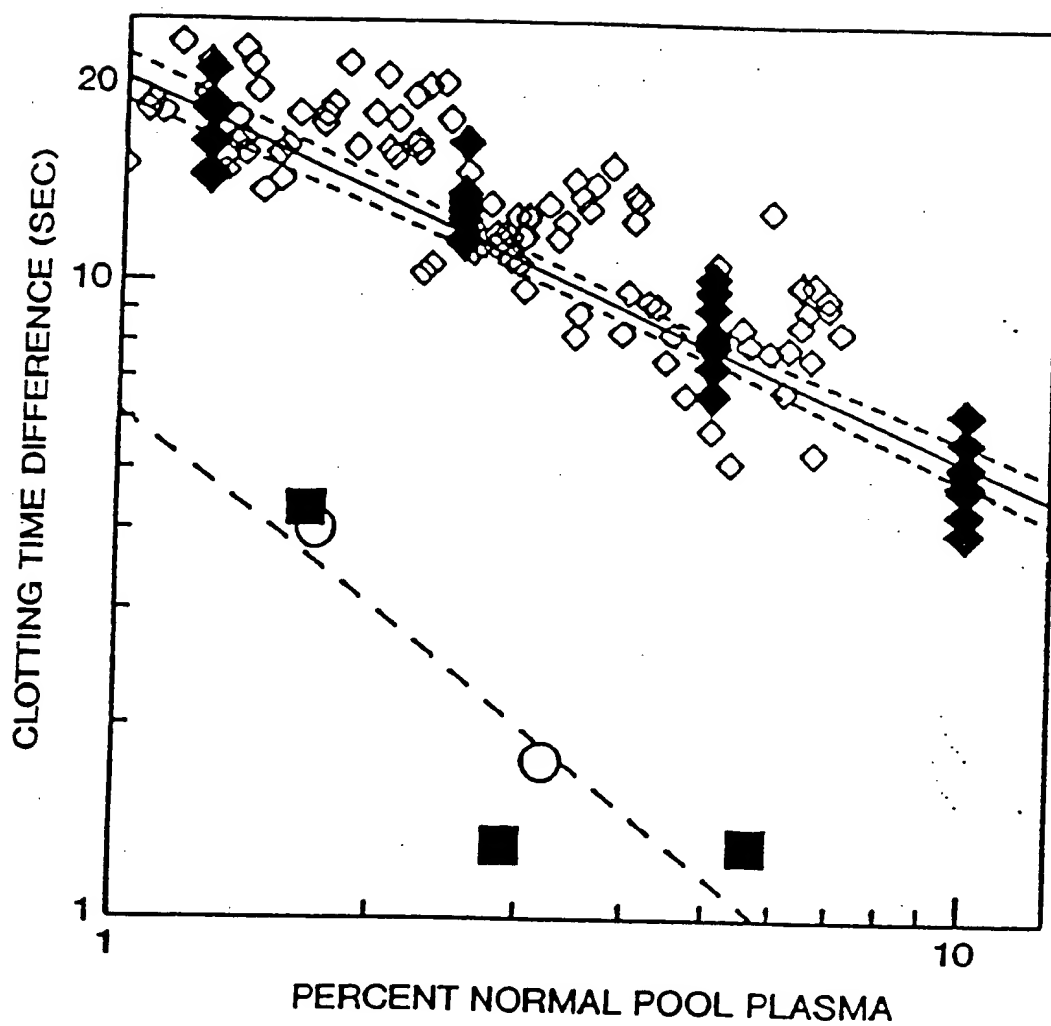


FIG. 2A

1 2 3 4

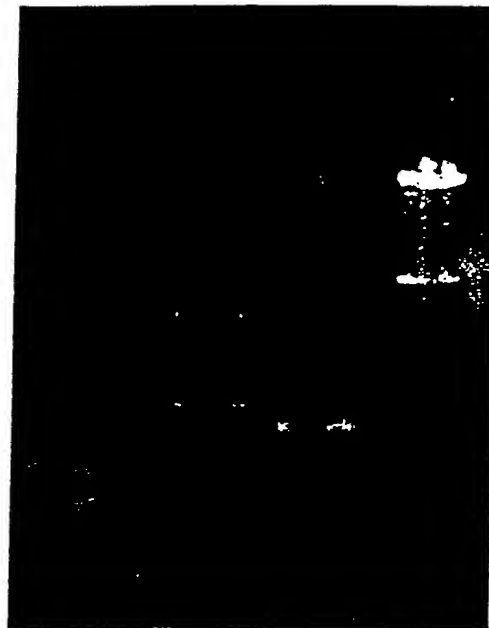


FIG. 2B

[illegible]

FIG. 3

The graph is a log-log plot with the following characteristics:

- X-axis:** Labeled "PERCENT NORMAL POOL PLASMA", ranging from 1 to 10.
- Y-axis:** Labeled "CLOTTING TIME DIFFERENCE (SEC)", ranging from 1 to 20.
- Data Series:**
  - Open diamonds: Multiple points, mostly between 1.5% and 5% plasma, with clotting time differences between 10 and 22 seconds.
  - Filled diamonds: Multiple points, mostly between 1.5% and 10% plasma, with clotting time differences between 5 and 21 seconds.
  - Open circles: Three points at approximately (1.8, 6), (2.5, 2.5), and (4.5, 3.5).
  - Filled squares: Two points at approximately (3.5, 4) and (5.5, 1.5).
  - Circles with a cross: Two points at approximately (2.5, 2.5) and (4.5, 1.5).
- Regression Lines:**
  - A solid line with a dashed confidence interval passing through the diamond data points.
  - A dashed line passing through the open circle data points.
  - A dotted line passing through the square data points.

FIG. 4

Figure 1 is a log-log plot showing the relationship between Percent Normal Pool Plasma (X-axis, 1 to 10) and Clotting Time Difference (SEC) (Y-axis, 1 to 20). The plot displays data points for various clotting factors (I, II, V, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, XIII) and their corresponding regression lines. The clotting time difference generally decreases as the percent of normal pool plasma increases, with a dashed line indicating a steeper decline for lower plasma levels.

1 2 3 4 5

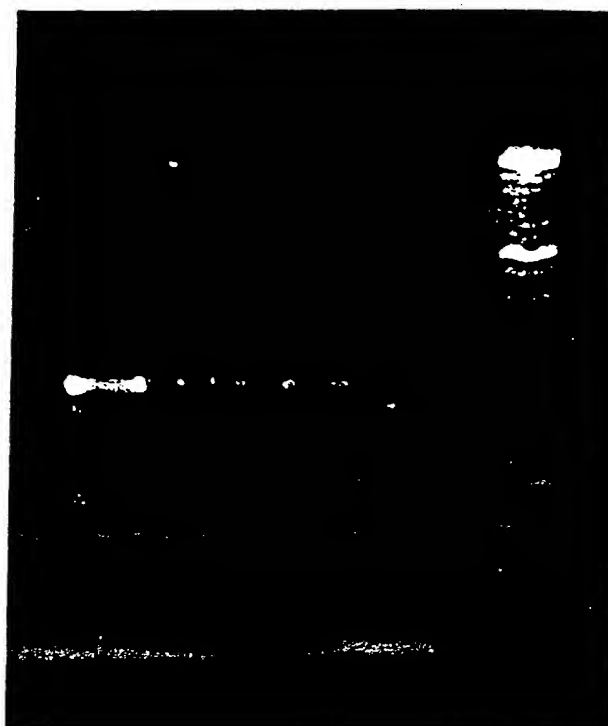


FIG. 5B

**FIG. 6A**



1 2 3 4 5

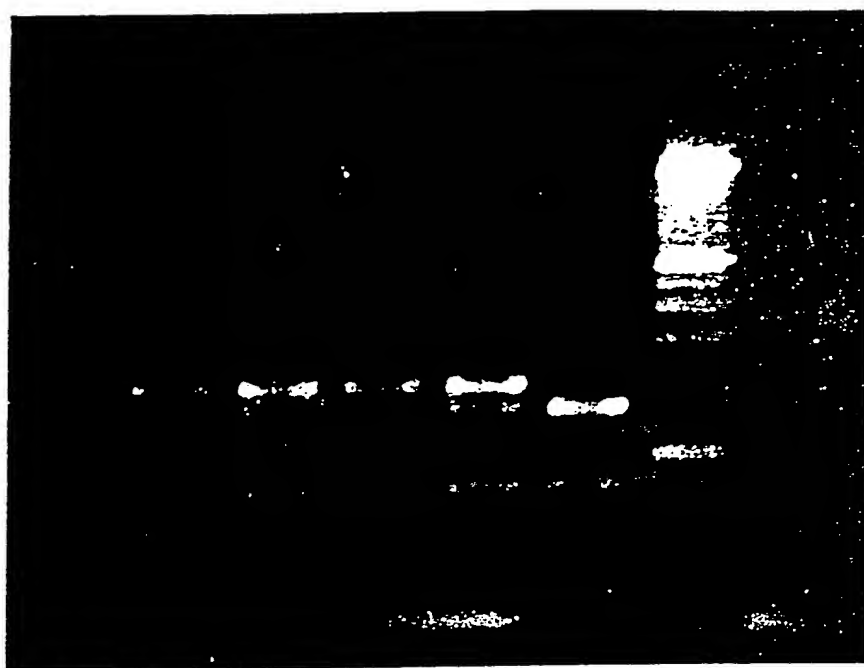


FIG. 6B